Navigating Relationships: Wise, Foolish, and Evil People Leadership Teaching June 3, 2019 Ignite Church

I. Navigating Relationships with God's Wisdom

- A. Leaders are always growing in relationship with God and navigating relationships with people
- B. Leaders live in a heightened kind of tension between the two
 - 1. Theological truth: All people are created in God's image and are to be treated with equal dignity, value, and worth (Gen. 1:26-27; Ps. 8:4).
 - 2. Relational reality: Not every person is equally safe, healthy, or trustworthy
 - 3. Tension: How do we honor people's inherent value as God's image-bearers while protecting ourselves and others?
- C. The Bible (especially the Wisdom Literature) groups people into three categories and gives wisdom for navigating each of these three types of people:¹
 - 1. Wise people
 - 2. Foolish people
 - 3. Evil people
- D. Biblical solution for navigating relationships: walk in the Spirit's wisdom.

II. Wise People

- A. Characteristics
 - 1. Not necessarily most intelligent
 - 2. Humble, godly, teachable, open, and responsible
 - 3. Change their actions and attitudes to align with what is good and true
 - 4. Welcome correction
 - 5. Consider more than just their own feelings and desires in a situation
- B. Biblical Examples of the Wise
 - 1. Deut. 34:9 Joshua was full of the spirit and wisdom
 - 2. Dan. 5:11, 14 Unbelievers recognized Daniel's wisdom
 - 3. Lule 2:52 Jesus grew in wisdom
 - 4. Acts 6:3 Early Church leaders were full of the Spirit and wisdom
 - 5. Acts 6:10 Stephen possessed wisdom and the Spirit
- C. Respond to the Wise With More
 - 1. More time, energy, and relationship
 - 2. Why? Because they honor what you invest (Proverbs 9:8-9)

¹ This teaching was adapted from the book, *Spirit-Filled Jesus: Live by His Power*, by Mark Driscoll. To purchase the book or to access additional resources on the subject, visit <u>spiritfilledjesus.com</u>. You can also find helpful leadership resources and Bible teaching at Mark's website: markdriscoll.org.

III. Foolish People

- A. Characteristics
 - 1. Not necessarily less intelligent
 - 2. Unteachable, defensive, unyielding, arrogant, irresponsible, prone to excuse-making and blame-shifting
 - 3. Fight or flight response to correction
 - a) The more you address the areas in which a foolish person keeps making the same error, the more *conflict increases* and the more the *relationship deteriorates*.
 - 4. Waste what is given to them because they do not honor or embrace it
- B. Biblical Examples of the Foolish
 - 1. The Life of Peter in the Gospels
 - a) Peter began as Jesus' most foolish disciple, but through wise rebuke and relationship, Jesus invited Peter to walk with Him toward wisdom.
- C. Respond to the Foolish With Less
 - 1. Less time arguing, less frequently having the same conversation, less taking responsibility for them
 - 2. Foolish people push their responsibilities and consequences of their folly onto responsible people.
 - a) Best thing you can do is push the responsibilities and consequences back onto them:
 - (1) This preserves your life energy.
 - (2) This protects you and others.
 - (3) This causes them enough grief to be motivated to make life changes.
 - b) Prov. 26:3; 10:13

IV. Evil People

- A. Characteristics
 - 1. Intentionally plot harm, scheme to bring destruction
 - 2. Feel vindicated in causing harm because of their own hurt, self-righteousness, and corrupt naturea) Hurting people hurt people; broken people break people
 - 3. Satisfaction in causing others pain, loss, shame, and fear
 - 4. Motivated by jealousy and pain
- B. Biblical Examples of the Evil
 - 1. Judas Iscariot was Jesus' Evil Disciple (Matt. 26)
 - 2. Babylon (Hab. 1:5-11)
- C. Respond to the Evil With Nothing
 - 1. Opposite of our response with the wise person
 - 2. Draw near to the wise and run from the evil
 - 3. An evil person is probably beyond your ability to help, but not beyond God's.
 - 4. Separate from, protect against, and put an end to the relationship with the evil person
 - a) Prov. 1:15-18; 2:12-15

V. Six Kinds of Relationships

A. Wise + Foolish = Parental Relationship

- 1. The wise one acts like a parent, and the foolish like a child
- 2. Example: the wife gets frustrated at her irresponsible husband

B. Wise + Evil = Distant Relationship

- 1. Evil people do not love people, they use people.
- 2. Jesus kept distance from evil people, we should too.

C. Foolish + Foolish = Codependent Relationship

- 1. Two foolish people multiply their foolishness.
- 2. How do we respond? Encourage this relationship toward wisdom

D. Foolish + Evil = Abusive Relationship

- 1. Foolish people are easy prey for evil people.
- 2. Example: foolish young woman in romantic relationships with evil men

E. Evil + Evil = Dangerous Relationship

- 1. Two barrels on a gun: if you stand in front of it, you will probably get shot.
- 2. Demonic partnership (Acts 5 Ananias and Sapphira)
- 3. Usually two evil people have been hurt and bond over mutual hurt
 - a) Evil people feel justified in hurting others because they themselves are hurting.

F. Wise + Wise = Healthy Relationship

- 1. This is God's design for wholistic human thriving
- G. We cannot avoid foolish or evil people-they are everywhere.
 - 1. Walk with wise people and keep in step with the Spirit in relationship to navigate those difficult relationships (Prov. 13:20).
 - 2. Walking in the Spirit's wisdom, Jesus had healthy relationships with all kinds of people.

Discussion Questions

- 1. Are you more wise, foolish, or evil in your current relationships?
- 2. Which characteristics of the wise, foolish, and evil person most stand out to you?
- 3. How can you take the principles from this teaching and apply it in your leadership context? Your family context?
- 4. How can you actively invite the Spirit to help you know yourself and others accurately so that you can be healthy relationally?
- 5. Which of the six kinds of relationships do you most often find yourself in?